



## BACK PRESSURE REGULATOR LPS®W wafer design DN 50

### Application

The self contained low pressure reducing regulators and back pressure regulators controls pressure in mbar range. Applications are for inert gas tank blanketing, reactors, centrifuges and agitating tubs with inert gas such as nitrogen. The regulators are designed to meet requirements in the chemical, pharmaceutical and biotechnology industries and are particularly corrosion resistant and reliable.

### Design

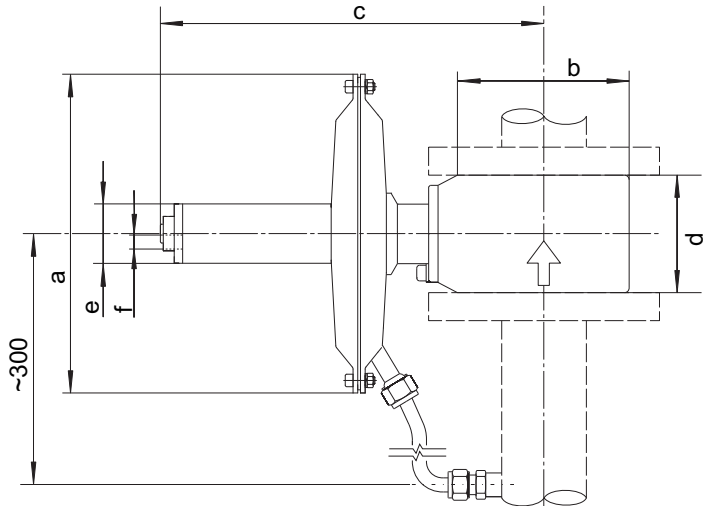
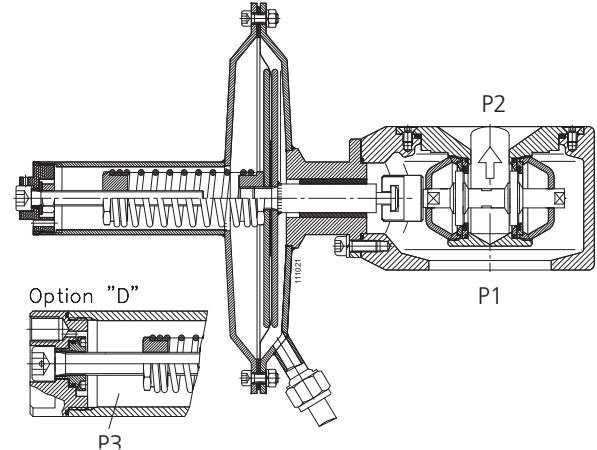
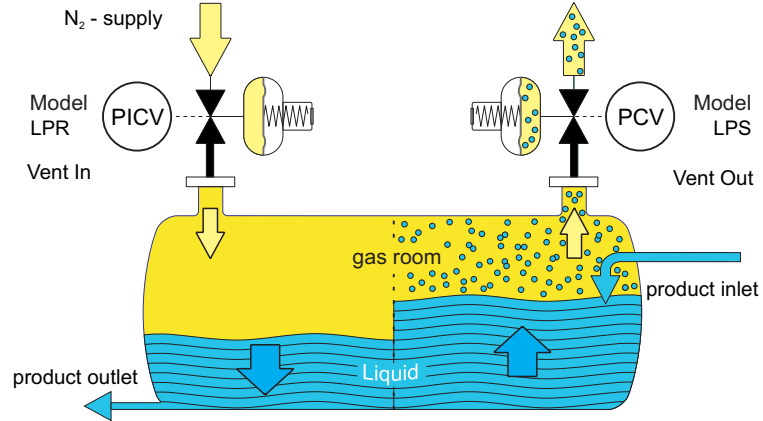
The large proportioned, spring-loaded diaphragm actuator with directly-controlled valve seat ensures precise control with low hysteresis. The regulators function without auxiliary power supply. High overpressure strength and safe regulator function is achieved by means of the supported diaphragm with long spindle guide. The regulator has a low degree of clearance volume and is self-draining.

### Description

The components coming in contact with the product are manufactured from CrNiMo steel 1.4435 / 1.4404. The diaphragm and seals are made of PTFE and the regulator seat is made of perfluoroelastomer (FFKM – Isolast®, Chemraz®, Kalrez®) as standard, or fluoroelastomer (FKM: Viton®). These materials guarantee high corrosion resistance and excellent sealing, even at zero flow. The design has a low degree of clearance volume and is self-draining (suitable for CIP). On request, we can supply regulators in Hastelloy, Tantal or plastic etc. with the appropriate certification. The surface finish for the stainless-steel version is better than Ra 1.6 for housing parts in contact with the medium, better than Ra 0.8 for internal functional parts and better than Ra 3.2 for the outer housing.

### Technical data

<b>Nominal diameter:</b>	DN 50 / 2"
<b>Regulating range P1:</b>	L.. to 500 mbar M.. to 5 bar D (pressure difference) to 4 bar = P3
<b>Inlet pressure P1:</b>	max. 5 bar
<b>Vakuum proof</b>	
<b>Pressure connections:</b>	Intermediate flange configuration (Special version available on request)
<b>Weight:</b>	Standard 5,9 kg
<b>Temperature:</b>	-20 ° to +120 °C for EPDM (Dependent on pressure conditions) -20 ° to +130 °C for FKM -20 ° to +160 °C for PTFE
<b>Testing and inspection:</b>	According to IEC 60534-4
<b>Pressure tightness:</b>	Sealing category V



Model dimensions	pressure connection	a	b	c	d	e	e	f
LPSW-050.-.-L01(L02)	DIN DN50 PN16 ANSI 2" 150#	Ø360	Ø165 (DIN)	272	75	Ø54 (M48)	always Ø54 (M48) with Option "D"	G 1/4" female thread
LPSW-050.-.-L.-.-...		Ø204		Ø152 (ANSI)		249		
LPSW-050.-.-M01-...			267	Ø54 (M48)				



wafer design  
DN 50

## MODEL CODE LPS®W

1			2			3			4			5			6			7		
Design			Nominal diameter DN/ pressure connection			Flow capacity			Regulating pressure range			Material			Options			Specials		
LP	S	W	-	050	.	-	..	-	...	-	...	-	...	-	.	-	-	Xn		

### 2 Nominal diameter DN/ Pressure connection

D	Flange:	DIN EN 1092-1, B1 DN 50 PN 16
A	Flange:	ANSI B 16.5, 2" 150 lbs (can only be assembled with M14 bolts)

### 3 Flow capacity

26	Seat	ø26 mm	kv = 15
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### 4 Regulating pressure range P1 (mbar)

	With diaphragm M360	With diaphragm M200
L01	3 - 10	L05 8 - 50
L02	4 - 20	L10 16 - 100
		L20 30 - 200
		L50 80 - 500
		M01 200 - 1000

### 5 Material (only the same colours can be combined)

	Housing/ internal components	Seat seal	Diaphragm/ Regulating range
S	1.4435 (1.4404)/ 1.4435 (1.4404)	FFKM	PTFE L..
G	1.4435 (1.4404)/ HC 22 (2.4602)	FKM	EPDM L.. M..
H	HC 22 (2.4602)/ HC 22 (2.4602)	EPDM	PTFE-glass fibre reinforced / L..
		FFKM con- forms to FDA	FKM L.. M..

**Example:** Housing/internal components with material code "G" or "H" (red) are only combined with seat of type "K" or "C" and with diaphragm type "P" or "G".

Housing/internal components with material code "S" can be combined with all seat and diaphragm materials (yellow).

### 6 Options

D	Differential pressure connection
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### 7 Specials

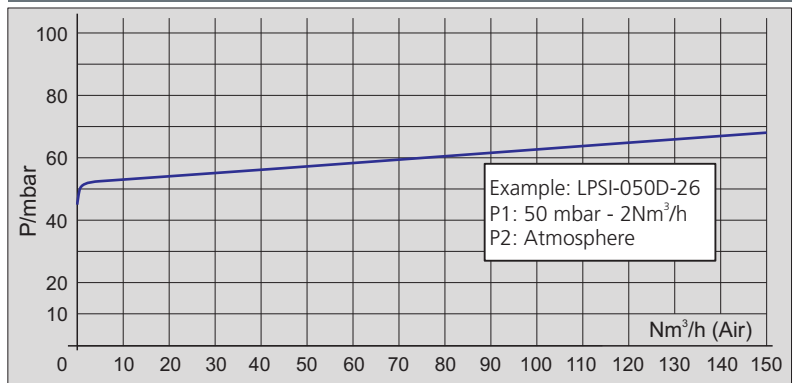
X0	If you require, for example, ATEX, PED, special connections, external control, rain hood, Adapter for Tri Clamp or SMS thread, please enter an X in this field with the number of desired Specials. Each of the specials must be described in writing.
X1	
X2	
Xn	For special versions and certifications, please contact the manufacturer or the appropriate sales representative.

### Flow table [flow quantities in Nm³/h]

P1 [bar rel.]	2	5	10	16	25	40	50	80	100	160	250	400	Seat size
Atm.	18	28	40	51	64	81	90	114	128	161	202	255	ø26 mm
-2	25	34	44	55	66	83	92	115	129	162	202	255	ø26 mm
-5	34	40	49	58	70	85	94	117	130	163	203	255	ø26 mm
-10	44	49	57	65	75	90	98	120	133	165	204	256	ø26 mm

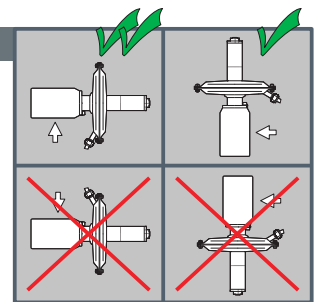
It is recommended to design for operation at a maximum of 70% of the flow values.  
P1 = regulating pressure

### Pressure / flow characteristic



### Installation

The preferred installation position is with vertical diaphragm housing and horizontal input. Pressure fixed unit is adjusted in this position. The output pressure increases by approximately 4mbar (M200) respectively circa 15mbar (M360) for installation with horizontal diaphragm housing. The installation position must be specified.



### Mounting and start up

- Before connecting the pressure regulator please make sure
- LPSW adjust reduced pressure: (Relative pressure)
- 1.1 to compare the plant data with the name plate
- 2.1 set a light flow (2 Nm³/h). Set the pressure +/- as required using a hexagonal wrench
- 1.2 the values marked on the name plate are the values measured during our functional inspection
- 2.2 the setting can be secured with a seal.
- 1.3 to check the corrosion resistance of the material
- 3 Adjust the LPSW differential pressure (-D) with the servo-regulator
- 1.4 to blow out impurities in the pipes
- 3.1 if the D-connection is pressurised with the servo-pressure, the working pressure is added by the servo-pressure.
- 1.5 to note the flow direction – it is marked with an arrow on the housing
- 1.6 to open inlet pipes slowly.